
Implementación de aplicaciones de eSalud con el modelo de programación DCEx

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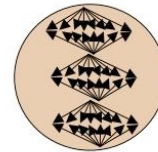
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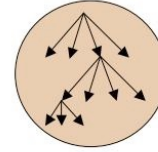
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DCEx Programming Model

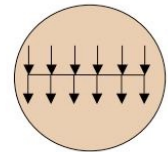
- In the DCEx model **data is the fundamental artifact** and parallelism is based on concurrent data processing:
 - **Data Parallelism**
 - **Task parallelism (data-driven)**
 - **SPMD parallelism**
- **Data-parallel blocks**
 - Data objects for in-memory managing of files, records, databases, streams, tables, text lines, chunks, ...



data parallel
(single thread of control)



dynamic
threads

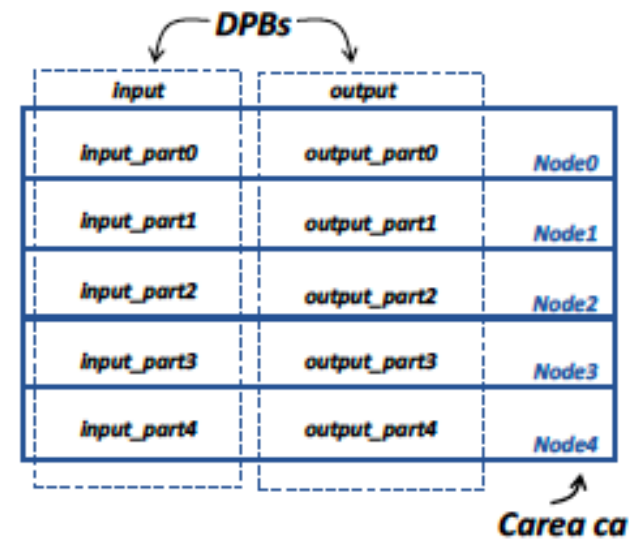


single program
multiple data (SPMD)

DCEx Programming Model

Data block on computing areas

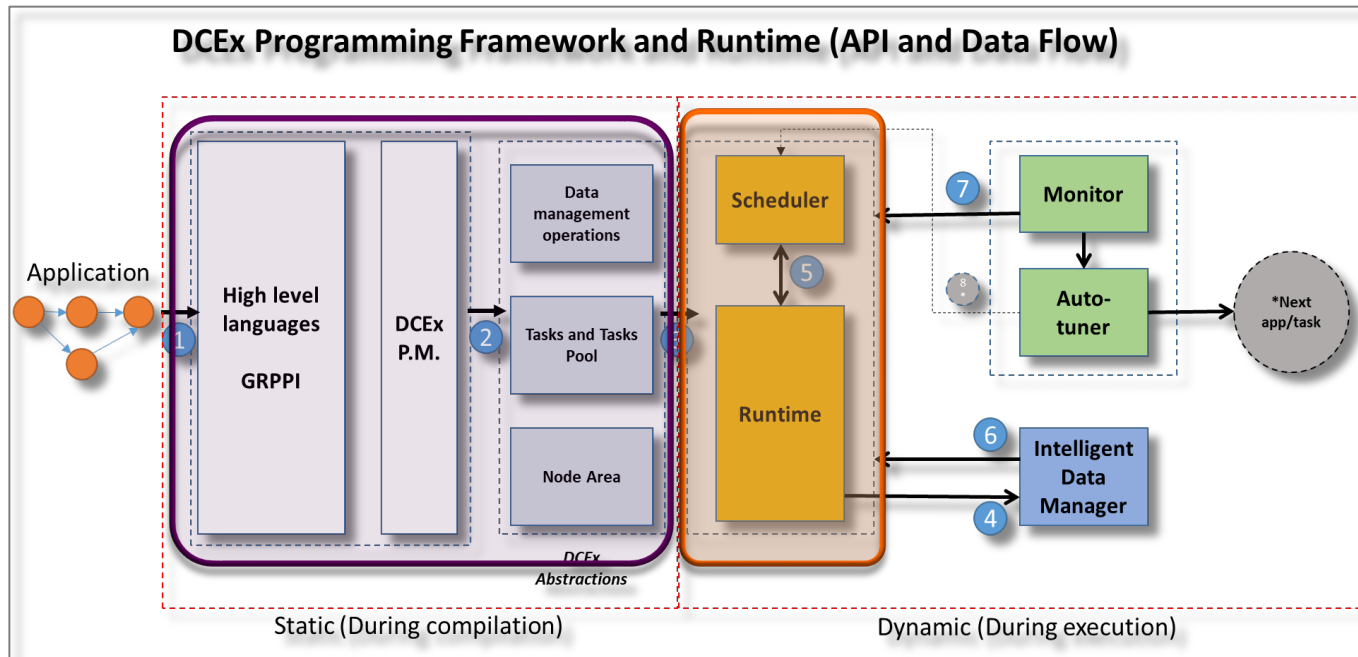
- Basic **data-parallel blocks** operations (`data.get`, `data.set`) defined for input and output operations from/to secondary storage may use **Cnode** and **Carea** concepts to map data to nodes.



Example:

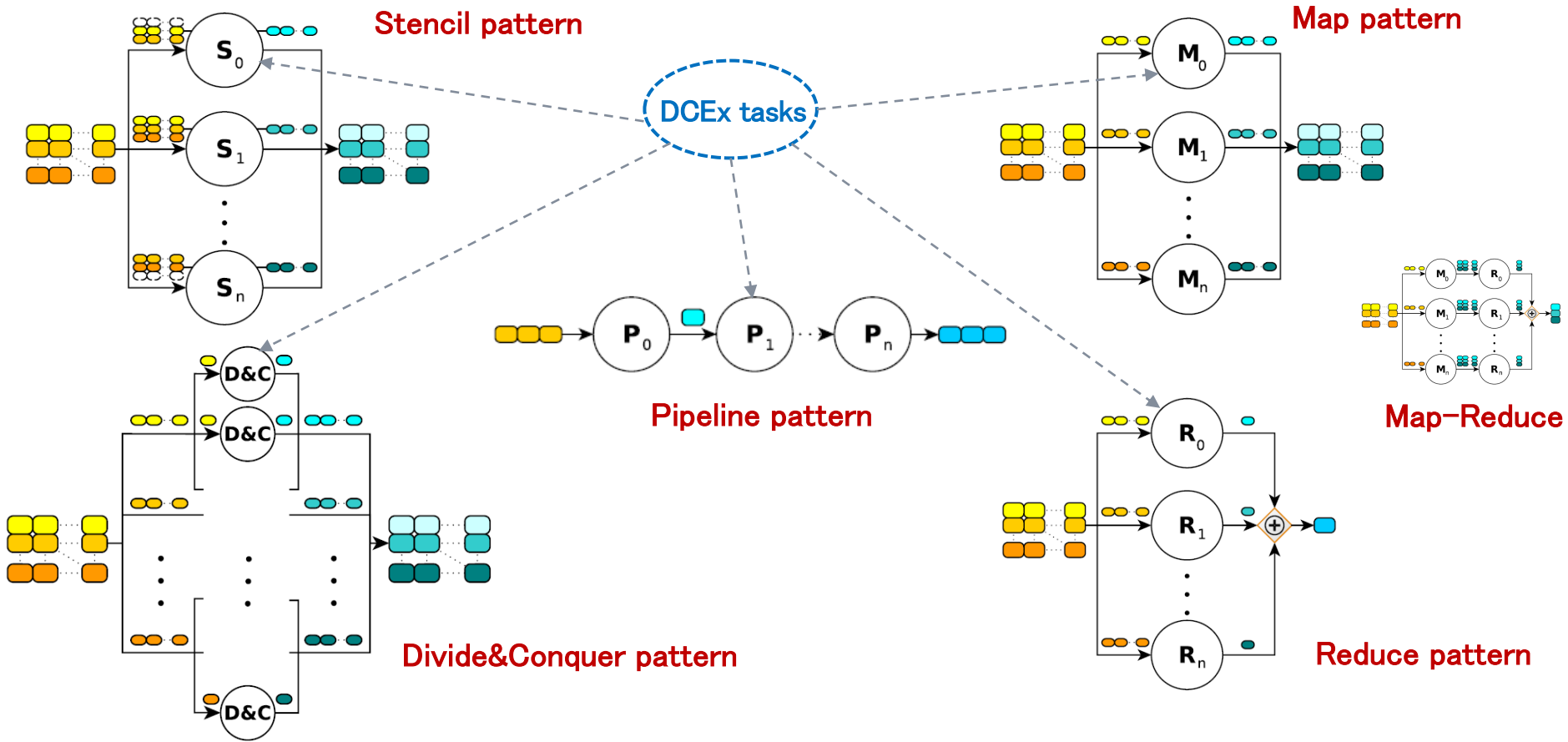
```
node_group = Carea(5,1);  
d = data.get(input,[format], ... ) at node_group;
```

DCEx Programming Model

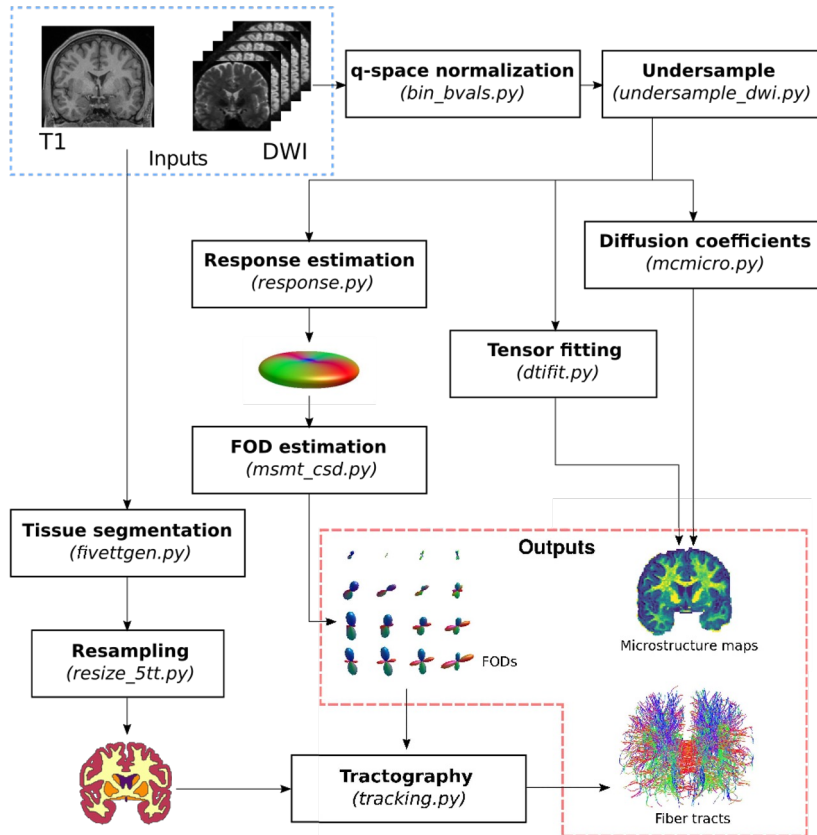


Implementing Big Data applications with DCEx programming model. Javier Garcia-Blas, Javier Fernandez, Jesus Carretero, Fabrizio Marozzo, Domenico Talia, Alberto Fernandez-Pena, Daniel Martín de Blas. *IEEE 34th International Symposium on Computer Architecture and High Performance Computing. 2022. Sent for submission.*

Contribution: GrPPI + DCEx

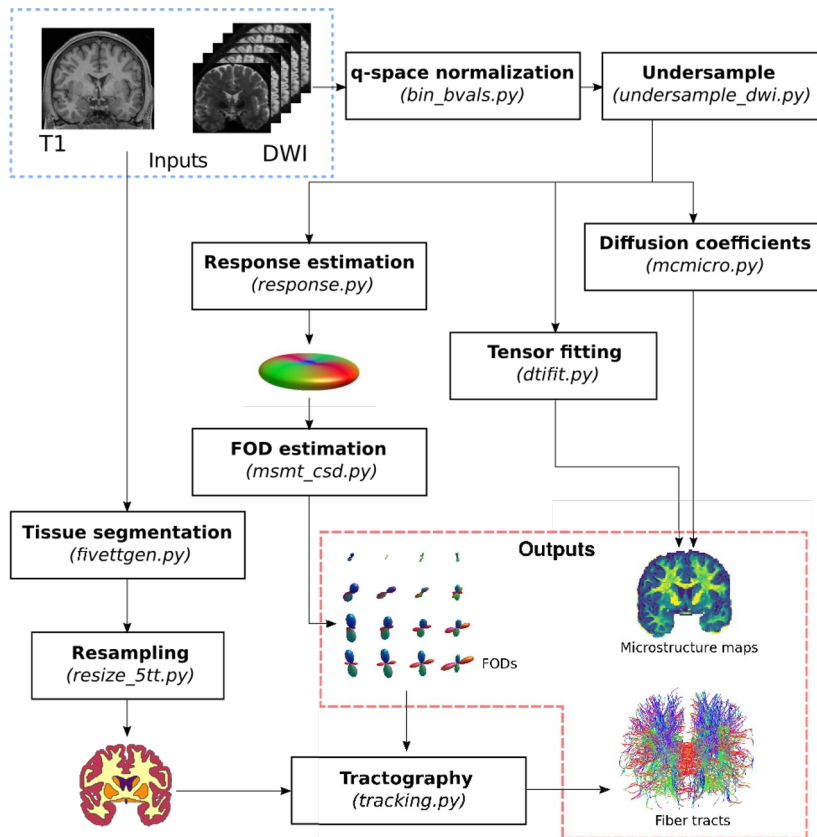


DWI processing workflow



- Processing workflow to study white-matter microstructure and structural connectivity
- Heterogeneous workflow
 - Processing step from different neuroimaging toolboxes
 - Some processes allow for multithreading
- Parallelization
 - Per subject parallelization
 - Some processes can be executed concurrently
 - Some processes allow for per voxel parallelization

DWI processing workflow



Input data: from HCP (~1000 subjects)

Input file	File format	Dimensions	Size
T1w structural image	NIfTI-1	260 × 311 × 260	84.1 MB
T2w structural image	NIfTI-1	260 × 311 × 260	84.1 MB
Diffusion weighted image	NIfTI-1	145 × 174 × 145 × 288	4.2 GB
Mask image	NIfTI-1	145 × 174 × 145	14.4 MB
b-vectors file	Text file	3 × 288	9.5 kB
b-values file	Text file	1 × 288	1.3 kB

Output data: Data available in: <https://db.humanconnectome.org/>

- ~ 1.0 Gb per subject
 - Tissue segmentation (NIfTI)
 - White-matter microstructure maps (NIfTI)
 - Fiber orientation distribution maps (NIfTI)
 - Tractography streamlines (binary file)

Example of output data available in:

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3662302>

DCEx integration

- Baseline application implemented using **nipype** python package:
 - Execution plugins: Multiproc, SGE/SLURM,...
- Workflow implemented using the ASPIDE **DCEx**
 - task: execution of external code (python scripts)
 - farm, split_join, and pipeline patterns
- **Containers**

Code available in:

<https://gitlab.arcos.inf.uc3m.es/aspide/dcx/tree/master/usecases/sermas>

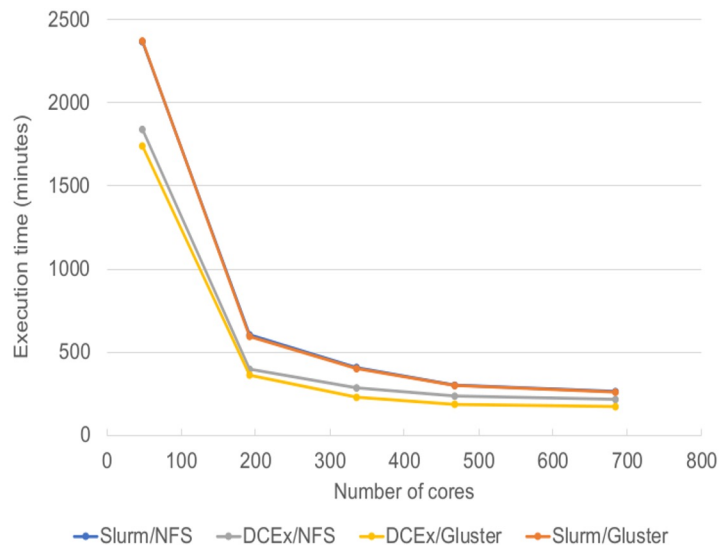
```
1 auto resize_5tt = [](std::string path) {
2     auto in = path + "/5tt.nii.gz";
3     auto out = path + "/resized_5tt.nii.gz";
4     return "python2.7 resize_5tt.py " + in + " " + out;
5 };
```

Example of declaration of the call to the Python script.

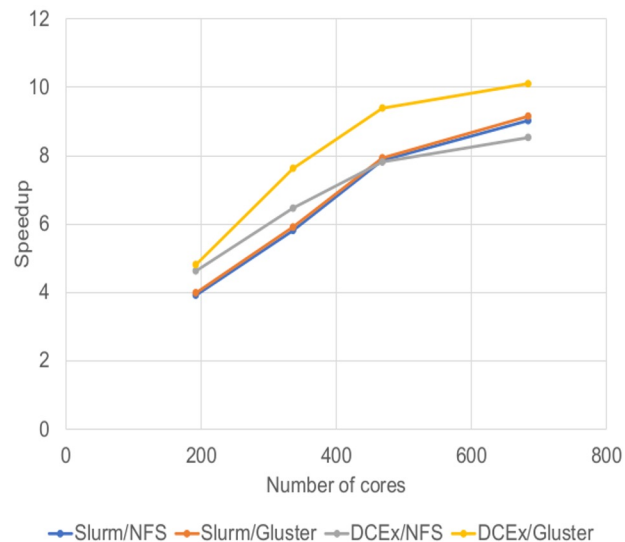
```
1 auto inner_split = split_join(duplicate{},
2     farm(task(response)),
3     farm(task(true,dtifit)),
4     farm(task(true,mcmicro))
5 );
6
7 pipeline(exec,
8     all(folders),
9     task([](string path){
10         return "mkdir -p " + path + WORKING;
11     }),
12     split_join(duplicate{},
13         pipeline(
14             farm(task(true,fivettgen)),
15             farm(task(resize_5tt))
16         ),
17         pipeline(
18             farm(task(bin_bvals)),
19             farm(task(undersample_dwi)),
20             inner_split,
21             farm(task(true,msmt_csd))
22         )
23     ),
24     farm(task(true,tracking)),
25     [](string & path) {
26         cerr << "Finished " + path << endl;
27     }
28 );
```


Evaluation of results

- Tests:
 - Cluster of 28 nodes (total 684 cores)
 - NFS and Gluster file systems



(a) Overall execution.



(b) Speedup.

Comparison of Nipype and DCEX execution for the two file systems. We used 32 random subjects from the HCP-YA database

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